

STRATTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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ANNUAL REPORT



of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year

1964

Health Area Office,
LAUNCESTON,
Cornwall.

WILLIAM PATERSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health

Health Area Office,
Launceston.

To: The Chairman and Councillors of the
Rural District of Stratton.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Orr and Gentlemen:

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1964.

The vital statistics for the Rural District show a decrease of four in the number of deaths compared with the previous year, and a decrease of thirteen in the number of births. In spite of this, the favourable balance of births over deaths continued. The Registrar-General's estimate of the mid-year population - 4790 - was an increase of fifty over the 1963 figure. Heart disease continued to be the most common cause of death, followed by vascular lesions of the nervous system and cancer, in that order. One infant death and two stillbirths were recorded.

There was a small outbreak of measles during the year, with the peak incidence occurring in July. Apart from this, the incidence of notifiable infectious disease was low. There were no cases of diphtheria and none of poliomyelitis.

Improvements continued during the year in the water supply position in the district. The work on the new sewerage scheme for Widemouth Bay progressed. In the housing field, two bungalows suitable for old persons were completed by the Council, and the Rural District had its share in the private building boom with the completion of a larger number of houses for private owners than for many years past. The number - 25 - is certainly the largest since the war, and may well be a record. The rate of private development in the present year may prove to be similar. Apart from this, the Council continued its policy of encouraging the improvement of existing dwellings by the means of standard and discretionary grants.

I should like to express my thanks to Mr. Yeo, the Council's Surveyor and Public Health Inspector, for his valuable co-operation in all aspects of our work and in the preparation of this report. The continued help of the Clerk and the Council's other officers has been greatly appreciated.

The Council's continued encouragement and support are most gratefully acknowledged.

I have the honour to be

Your obedient Servant,

WILLIAM PATERSON

Medical Officer of Health

STRATTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL
at 31st December, 1964

S.N.GUBBIN - Chairman
F.J.TREWIN - Vice-Chairman

E.E.WARD
J.CORY
W.H.AXFORD
R.METHERELL
H.F.WALKEY
J.C.BINES
E.A.P.DAW
J.JAMES
J.B.GRILLS
W.S.LUCAS
E.J.SMEETH
W.R.MANFIELD
G.R.MARSH
H.M.MOORE

J.L.WALTER
S.P.GRYLLS
A.HEARD
A.F.BEADLE
W.J.NOBBES (Resigned 30.9.64)
P.J.STACEY (Elected Nov.1964)
Mrs.I.ORR
G.ROWLAND
R.J.BURDEN
E.E.CORY
R.J.GLIDDON
F.MARTIN
H.G.MILL
J.J.NEILL

Public Health Officers of the Local Authority :

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH :

W.PATERSON, M.B., Ch.B.,D.P.H.

Also holds appointments of :


Medical Officer of Health : Bude/Stratton Urban District Council
 Launceston Rural District Council
 Launceston Borough Council
 Camelford Rural District Council

Assistant County Medical Officer, Area 6, Cornwall County Council

School Medical Officer, Cornwall County Council

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR :

A.L.YEO, A.R.I.C.S., A.R.S.H.



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SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres)	56,285
Population	4,790
No. of separate dwellings occupied	1,687
Rateable Value 31.12.64	£93,443
Product of ld. rate 1964-65	£359

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000 estimated population</u>
<u>Live Births</u>				
Legitimate	55	29	26	13.361
Illegitimate	9	4	5	-
<u>Stillbirths</u>	2	-	2	30.303 per 1,000 total births
<u>Deaths</u> (all causes)	58	33	25	12.108
Deaths from Puerperal and post-abortive sepsis		N I L		
Other Puerperal causes		N I L		
<u>Infant Mortality</u>				
(Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births)	1	1	-	15.625

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	5	2	7
Measles "		N I L	
Whooping Cough (all ages)		N I L	
Diarrhoea (under 2 years)		N I L	

Natural and Social Conditions

Area (in acres) 56,285. The Rural District of Stratton is mainly agricultural in character and the tourist industry in the coastal area forms an important part of the community life.

Population. The Registrar General has estimated the population for the mid-year to be 4,790. The "natural increase" in the population is the excess of births over deaths. In 1964 there were 58 deaths and 64 births, 6 more births than deaths.

Deaths. The total number of deaths assigned to the District for the year was 58. The crude death rate based on the mid-year population was 12.108. The following table for the past five years has been compiled for purposes of comparison :-

<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Recorded Rate</u>
1960	57	28	29	10.61
1961	49	24	25	10.58
1962	47	28	19	9.96
1963	62	37	25	13.08
1964	58	33	25	12.108

In order to compare the mortality in the District with the mortality for England and Wales, it is necessary to make a correction to allow for the difference in age and sex distribution of the two populations. This is done by applying to the crude death rate of the District an "Area Comparability Factor" which has been estimated by the Registrar General as 0.90 for this District.

The Standardised Death Rate, therefore, is 10.897 which may be compared with that of 11.3 (provisional) for England and Wales.

Births. The number of live births assigned to this District was 64 compared with 77 in 1963. The rate per thousand of the population is 13.361. When the Registrar General's Area Comparability Factor for births (1.25) is applied to this figure, the Standardised Birth Rate is 16.701 for this District, compared with 18.4 (provisional) for England and Wales.

Stillbirths. There were two stillbirths during 1964.

Illegitimate Births. There were 9 illegitimate births in the District during the year, compared with 7 in 1963.

Maternal Mortality. No maternal deaths were recorded during the year.

Infant Mortality. There was one death of an infant in the first year of life.

The cause of death was as follows :-

<u>Sex</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
M	20 hours	Prematurity

NOTE: Vital Statistics. It is important that too much weight should not be attached to small variations in these rates from one year to the other, particularly where relatively small populations are involved - attention should rather be paid to the trend of these rates over a period of years.

MORTALITY TABLE

Classified in accordance with 36 headings based on the
Abbreviated List of the International Statistical
Classifications of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death
1955.

<u>Cause of Death</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infection	-	-	-
7. Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-
8. Measles	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	1	1
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	-	1
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	2	1	3
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	1	1
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	-	-
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	2	-	2
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	-	-
16. Diabetes	1	-	1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system	1	9	10
18. Coronary disease, angina	9	4	13
19. Hypertension with heart disease	-	-	-
20. Other heart disease	6	4	10
21. Other circulatory disease	4	1	5
22. Influenza	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia	2	1	3
24. Bronchitis	2	-	2
25. Other diseases of respiratory system	-	-	-
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	1	2
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	-
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations	-	-	-
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases	2	2	4
33. Motor vehicle accidents	-	-	-
34. All other accidents	-	-	-
35. Suicide	-	-	-
36. Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-
	33	25	58

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

General medical services under Part IV of the National Health Service Act, 1946, are provided by medical practitioners resident in the district and in adjoining districts, all of whom undertake maternity medical services.

County Council Services.

- I Health Department. The County Council is the local health authority for the purposes of Part III of the National Health Service Act, 1946, and provides the following services in the district :
- (a) Midwifery and Home Nursing : Nurse-midwives are provided to attend general nursing and midwifery cases in the home.
 - (b) Health Visiting : Health Visitors are available to give advice on health matters in the home or at the clinic. Originally concerned with the care of mothers and young children, which is still their basic function, they are increasingly concerned with other age groups, particularly the aged. Some health visitors combine this work with general nursing and midwifery. All act also as school nurses.
 - (c) Infant Welfare Centre : A Child Welfare Clinic is held monthly at the Castle, Bude.
 - (d) Dental Clinic : Priority dental treatment for expectant and nursing mothers and pre-school children is available at the Dental Clinic at the Castle, Bude.
 - (e) Vaccination and Immunisation. Facilities for vaccination against smallpox and immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus, and for poliomyelitis vaccination, are provided at the Child Welfare Clinic or by the supply of materials to the family doctor.
 - (f) Home Help Service : Home helps are employed to provide domestic help for households in certain circumstances, a charge being made for this service according to the means of the person concerned.
 - (g) Ambulance Service : A service of ambulances for the conveyance of sick, accident and emergency cases is provided. For sitting cases, utilecon sitting case vehicles are used. When appropriate, some such cases are carried by the Hospital Car Service, a voluntary organisation. Day-to-day administration of the service is carried on from the Ambulance Control, Bodmin.

- (h) Prevention of Illness, Care and After-care : A full-time tuberculosis health visitor is provided for the care and after-care of tuberculous persons. District nurses are available to assist in the home treatment of such persons when required by the Chest Physician or family doctor. Routine tuberculin testing and, if necessary, B.C.G. vaccination (i.e. vaccination against tuberculosis) is provided for senior school children.

Certain special investigations are carried out in other types of illness by district health visitors, while health education is carried out by the County's Medical and Nursing staff.

- (j) Mental health : The County Council has certain responsibilities in connection with the ascertainment of mental ill-health and mental deficiency, with the provision of statutory supervision, etc. for mental defectives living in the community, and with the provision of after-care following treatment for mental illness. The Mental Welfare Officer for the district works from the Health Area Office, Launceston.

- II Education Department : As Local Education Authority, the County Council is responsible for the School Health Service, which provides the following :-

Periodic Medical Inspection of pupils
Cleanliness Surveys of pupils
Dental Inspection and treatment of pupils
Ascertainment of handicapped pupils in need of special education
Treatment clinic at the Castle, Bude :
 Dental clinic - each Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday
 Speech Therapy - by appointment each Thursday
Child Guidance, by arrangement at Launceston Child Guidance Clinic

- III Welfare Department : This service is concerned with the welfare of the aged and with that of various categories of handicapped persons. It is concerned also with the provision of temporary accommodation in certain circumstances for persons in urgent need thereof. The Welfare Officer for the district works from the Health Area Office, Launceston.

Hospital Service

The South Western Regional Hospital Board is the hospital authority for the Area. Stratton Cottage Hospital provides in-patient and out-patient facilities in the district. Patients are referred also to hospitals in Plymouth and elsewhere. Cases of infectious disease are admitted to the Scott Isolation Hospital, Plymouth, and tuberculosis patients to Didworthy or Tehidy Sanatoria. Mental hospital accommodation is provided by St. Lawrence's Hospital and Laninval House, Bodmin and Moorfields Hospital, Ivybridge, Devon.

An Orthopaedic Clinic is held weekly at the Castle, Bude and a Physiotherapy Clinic at Dawfield Hospital, Holsworthy. The Chest Clinic is held at Stratton Hospital. An Ophthalmic Clinic for school and pre-school children is held periodically at the Castle, Bude. A Specialist Ante-Natal clinic is held in Launceston each week.

Laboratory Facilities

These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory, Exeter, to which specimens for bacteriological examination are sent.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES

WATER

The Stratton Rural District is comprised of ten Parishes, eight of which are within the statutory water area of the North Devon Water Board of which this Council is a constituent member, and the remaining two Parishes are within the statutory water area of the Bude-Stratton Urban District Council.

The number of dwellings provided with main water by the North Devon Water Board in each of the respective Parishes is set out hereunder :-

<u>Parish</u>	<u>No. of dwellings provided</u>	<u>Source</u>
Jacobstow	34	Borehole
Kilkhampton	170 (+ 6 standpipes)	Prewley Mains supply
Launcells	26	Borehole
Morwenstow	88	Prewley Mains supply
North Tamerton	38	Prewley Mains supply
St. Gennys	84	Borehole
Week St. Mary	88	Prewley Mains supply
Whitstone	81	Prewley Mains supply

During the year 410 yards of small diameter main at Sweets and Higher Crackington, St. Gennys have been replaced with 3" diameter mains at an estimated cost of £1,330.

Work was also commenced on a scheme for the extension of the Board's mains at Caudworthy through Canworthy Water to link with the main supply at Jacobstow at present served by a borehole. The scheme involves the laying of some 8,214 lineal yards of 6" diameter main at an estimated cost of £27,600.

At Stibb in the Parish of Kilkhampton 12 houses forming this hamlet are connected to a privately owned piped water supply which is derived from a borehole, and the 9 dwellings in the hamlet of Rosecare in the Parish of St. Gennys are similarly served.

Statutory water area of the Bude-Stratton Urban District Council.

Poundstock Widemouth Bay in the Parish of Poundstock is supplied by the Bude-Stratton Urban District Council's main supply.

141 dwellings are connected to this supply.

Marhamchurch The village of Marhamchurch is supplied by the Bude-Stratton Urban District Council's main supply.

142 dwellings are connected to this supply, and a further 6 farms situated on the outskirts of the village are supplied by the North Devon Water Board.

Stratton Rural District Council

Poundstock The Council's housing estate at Bangors, and the adjoining hamlet are provided with a main water supply which is maintained by the Council.
The water, which is derived from a borehole, is satisfactory in quality and no serious shortage occurred during the year. A scheme for supplementing the supply from a second borehole is now in progress.

36 dwellings are connected to this supply.

Generally.

Periodic samples from the public supplies are submitted to the Public Health Laboratory by the North Devon Water Board and the Bude-Stratton Urban District Council. These are in general satisfactory.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

Widemouth Bay Work has continued throughout the year on the scheme for the improvement of the existing sewerage and sewage disposal facilities at Widemouth Bay in the Parish of Poundstock.

Reasonably adequate sewerage and sewage disposal schemes are provided in the following villages and hamlets :-

Woodford,	Morwenstow
Woolley,	"
Gooseham,	"
Crosstown,	"
The Village,	Kilkhampston
Stibb,	"
Bangors,	Poundstock
Treskinnick Cross,	"
The Village,	Week St. Mary
North Tamerton,	
Grimscott,	Launcells
Southpark,	Jacobstow
Wainhouse Corner,	"
Brockhill Road,	St. Gennys

Further improvement is necessary to the existing sewerage and sewage disposal arrangements in the villages set out hereunder :-

Marhamchurch	
Shop,	Morwenstow
Boat,	Whitstone

RIVERS AND STREAMS

No complaints in regard to pollution have been received during the year.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

16 pail closets have been converted to water closets during the year.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

Refuse collection is undertaken in all Parishes as set out hereunder :-

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Frequency of Collection</u>
<u>Morwenstow</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Kilkhampston Village</u>	Fortnightly from October to April. Weekly from May to September.
<u>Stibb, Kilkhampston & outskirts of Parish</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Launcells</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Marhamchurch</u>	Fortnightly from October to April Weekly from May to September
<u>Week St. Mary</u>	Fortnightly
<u>North Tamerton</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Whitstone</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Jacobstow</u>	Fortnightly
<u>St. Gennys</u>	Fortnightly
<u>Crackington Haven,</u> <u>St. Gennys.</u> <u>Widemouth Bay,</u> <u>Poundstock.</u> <u>Poundstock</u>	Fortnightly from October to April Weekly from May to September Weekly Fortnightly from October to April Weekly from May to September.

The refuse collected from the whole of the Council's area is disposed of in three refuse dumps situated in the Parishes of Morwenstow, Kilkhampston and Poundstock respectively.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Public Conveniences are provided by the Council at Widemouth Bay, Kilkhampston, Crackington Haven, Marhamchurch and Week St. Mary.

SHOPS

The small village shops in this District are reasonably satisfactory.

CAMPING SITES

There are 16 licensed camping sites and with the exception of a very few isolated caravans, they are, under the terms of the Licence, restricted to seasonal use only.

In general these sites are well maintained.

HOUSING STATISTICS

186 houses are now owned by the Council

Number of new dwellings erected during 1964

by private owners	25
by Council	2

SLUM CLEARANCE

Steady progress continues to be made with the Council's slum clearance programme. During the year a further eight dwellings were either closed or demolished bringing the total number so dealt with since 1955 up to 81.

The work on the improvement of existing dwellings with the aid of both Discretionary and Standard Grants has continued throughout the year.

Since the introduction of the Housing Act, 1949, 77 applications for Discretionary Grants have been approved and work completed on 88 dwellings.

Since June 1959, 145 applications for Standard Grants have been approved, and work completed on 117. Of these seven owners decided not to accept the Grant for the work which had been completed.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

No action has been necessary.

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

None in the District

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

No action has been necessary.

SCHOOLS

The schools and canteens are reasonably well maintained and are in all cases provided with water borne sanitation.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply. The supervision of milk production and distribution in this area is the primary responsibility of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the Cornwall County Council.

Meat and other Foods. There are no slaughter houses in operation in this area.

Bakehouses. There are now no bakehouses in operation in this District.

Summary of food condemned :-

1 tin	Cooked ham
2 tins	Pork shoulder

Adulteration, etc. No action required

Chemical and Bacteriological examination of food No action required

Nutrition No action required

Shell-fish No beds in the District

Number of food premises in the area :-

Butchers	5
Grocers	19
Greengrocers	1
Bakers' shops	2
Cafes and catering premises	17

Mobile fish and chip van	1
Licensed premises	9
Milk Distributors	3
Honey processing	1

Premises registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955:-

Preparation or manufacture of sausages	3
Manufacture or sale of ice-cream	21
Dairies registered under the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949	Nil

Number of inspections of registered food premises 38

Educational activity :-

Periodic inspections of food premises are made by the Medical Officer of Health and the Public Health Inspector.

Condemned Food

Any condemned food stuffs are disposed of by burial or burning. No special examination of a stock or consignment of food has been necessary.

Ice-Cream (Heat Treatment) Regulations, 1947 - 1952.

With regard to Ice Cream (Heat Treatment, etc.) Regulations, 1947-1952, no ice cream is actually manufactured in this area. In general this is purchased by the retailers from the firms who operate on a national scale outside the District.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

Classified list of Registered Factories as at 31st December, 1964.

<u>Nature of employment</u>	<u>Power</u>	<u>Non-power</u>
1. Carpentry, Joinery and Sawmills	1	1
2. Garages, Repair shops and Engineers	10	5
3. Plumbers	-	2
4. Food manufacturers	-	1
5. Wearing apparel (a) Outfitting	1	-

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961 are attached as an appendix to this report in accordance with circular 1/60 of the Ministry of Health.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND
OTHER DISEASES.

The infectious diseases which are statutorily notifiable to the Medical Officer of Health are the following :- smallpox, cholera, diphtheria, membranous croup, erysipelas, scarlet fever, typhus fever, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, relapsing fever, plague, poliomyelitis, tuberculosis, malaria, dysentery, puerperal pyrexia, ophthalmia neonatorum, acute primary pneumonia, acute influenzal pneumonia, whooping cough, measles, acute encephalitis, meningococcal infection, anthrax and food poisoning.

The monthly incidence of infectious disease is shown in Table III.

Smallpox. No case was notified during the year, in the course of which 30 primary vaccinations and 7 re-vaccinations were carried out.

Diphtheria. No cases were notified during 1964. 47 children received a complete course of immunisation against the disease, the triple antigen against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus being used in almost all instances. 32 children received booster injections.

Whooping Cough. Three cases were notified during the year.

Poliomyelitis. No case of this infection was notified during the year, in the course of which 73 persons completed a course of oral vaccination.

Meningococcal Infection. One case of meningitis due to this infection was notified during the year. This was in an infant, who was treated in hospital and who made a satisfactory recovery.

Measles. A small outbreak of this infection occurred during the year, 62 cases being notified. The maximum incidence occurred in July with 23 notifications. The infection appears to have been mild.

Dysentery. Five cases of dysentery were notified in August. These cases were summer visitors, whose symptoms were not severe, and bacteriological confirmation of the diagnosis was not obtained. Hospital treatment was not necessary.

There is no doubt that the modern type of touring holiday favours the occurrence of gastro-intestinal upsets. Picnic meals on the beach and elsewhere involving the consumption of pre-cooked food, frequently carried for long periods in warm conditions in a car, may often be responsible, as these conditions are ideal for the growth and multiplication of bacteria if the food should happen to have become contaminated, e.g. by flies. The circumstances of this type of holiday usually makes it impossible to carry out complete or satisfactory investigations into the symptoms, with the result that the actual cause remains speculative.

Food Poisoning. No cases of food poisoning were notified during the year.

Tuberculosis.

	<u>Males</u>		<u>Females</u>	
	<u>Pul.</u>	<u>Non-Pul.</u>	<u>Pul.</u>	<u>Non-Pul.</u>
Cases on Register 31.12.63	1	1	7	4
No. of cases notified during the year	-	-	-	-
Cases restored	-	-	-	-
Inward Transfers	-	-	1	-
Cases Removed	-	-	-	-
<hr/>				
Total on Register 31.12.64	1	1	8	4
<hr/>				

B.C.G. Vaccination continues to be offered to all susceptible contacts of known cases, most of whom avail themselves of this protection.

The scheme for B.C.G. Vaccination of susceptible school children was continued by the County Council during the year, again with a good response.

OTHER DISEASES

Cancer of the Lung. Three deaths from this cause were recorded during the year, two male and one female. The total of lung cancer deaths since 1949 now numbers 18 male and three female deaths. The deaths from all forms of cancer since that year now number 73 male and 67 female deaths.

Cancer of the Cervix. This type of cancer affects women, and involves the neck of the womb. Of recent years, a method has been evolved for the early detection of the condition before it reaches the cancerous stage. This depends on certain special facilities, not yet readily available.

To enable an early detection service to be provided in the County as soon as these facilities can be provided, the County Council in November, on the advice of the County Medical Officer, resolved to amend its proposals under the National Health Service Act, 1946, to include provision for this service. Although this proposal has now received the approval of the Ministry of Health, at the time of preparing this report it has not been possible to make a start on the provision of the service.

TABLE I

TUBERCULOSIS

Age and Sex Distribution of Cases and Deaths - 1964.

<u>Age Groups</u>	<u>New Cases.</u>				<u>Deaths</u>			
	<u>Pul.</u>		<u>Non-Pul.</u>		<u>Pul.</u>		<u>Non-Pul.</u>	
	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>
0 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE II

VITAL STATISTICS

SUMMARY FOR PREVIOUS YEARS

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>POPULATION</u> (Estimated)	<u>BIRTHS</u>		<u>DEATHS</u>			
		<u>Number</u>	<u>Crude Rate</u>	<u>Under 1 year</u>		<u>All ages</u>	
				<u>Number</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Rate</u>
1960	5,370	71	13.22	-	-	57	10.61
1961	4,630	68	14.69	1	14.70	49	10.58
1962	4,720	55	11.65	1	18.18	47	9.96
1963	4,740	77	16.24	1	12.98	62	13.08
1964	4,790	64	13.36	1	15.625	58	12.108

TABLE III

Monthly Incidence of Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis)

	<u>Jan.</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Mar.</u>	<u>Apr.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>	<u>Aug.</u>	<u>Sept.</u>	<u>Oct.</u>	<u>Nov.</u>	<u>Dec.</u>	<u>Total</u>
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	3
Measles	-	1	8	6	14	4	23	1	2	-	-	3	62
Meningococcal Infection	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	5
	-	2	8	6	14	4	24	6	3	1	-	3	71

TABLE IV

Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

Total number of inspections made for all purposes	...	1492
New Private water supplies provided	8
Number of samples of water analysed	22
Satisfactory 13; Unsatisfactory 9;		
Existing water supplies improved	4
Number of houses connected during the year to		
Council's mains	4
North Devon Water Board's mains	31
Bude-Stratton U.D.Council's mains	12
Pail or Privy closets converted to water closets	...	16
New drains laid to existing premises	32
Existing drains repaired	2
Complaints received	17
Nuisances abated	8
Number of bakehouse inspections	Nil
Premises disinfected	Nil
Number of inspections of sewerage and sewage disposal works		107
Camping sites	19
Offensive trades	Nil

APPENDIX

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration
of the Factories Act, 1961.

Part 1 of the Act

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	9	7		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	12	8		
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)				
Total	21	15		

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)					
Overcrowding (S.2)					
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)					
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)					
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)					
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient					
(b) Unsuitable or defective					
(c) Not separate for sexes					
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-work)					
Total					

Part VIII of the Act

Outwork

(Sections 133 and 134)

N I L

